

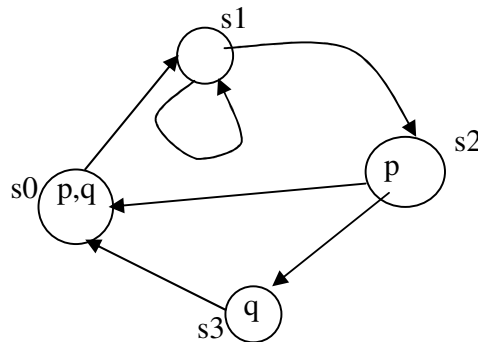
1. Consider a following generalization of CTL that permits reasoning about past state. It contains two new operators $AP\phi$ and $EP\phi$, with intended meaning given by

- $AP\phi$ is true in state s if ϕ holds in all states immediately preceding s ,
- $EP\phi$ is true in state s if ϕ holds in some state immediately preceding s .

For each of the following propositions, indicates it they are true or not, providing either a justification or a model with a state s_0 in which the proposition is false

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| a) $\phi \Rightarrow AX(AP\phi)$ | [5 pts] |
| b) $\phi \Rightarrow AX(EP\phi)$ | [5 pts] |
| c) $EX(AP\phi) \Rightarrow \phi$ | [5 pts] |
| d) $EX(EP\phi) \Rightarrow \phi$ | [5 pts] |

2. Using the fixed point method, give the set of states of the following transition system satisfying the CTL formula $AG(AFq)$: **[15 pts]**



3. For each of the following pairs of CTL formulae exhibit a model with a state s_0 in which one formula is true but not the other:

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----|-------------------------|----------------|
| a) $EF p$ | and | EG p | [5 pts] |
| b) $AF(p \vee q)$ | and | $AF p \vee AF q$ | [5 pts] |
| c) $EF\neg p$ | and | $\neg AFp$ | [5 pts] |
| d) True | and | $EG p \Rightarrow AG p$ | [5 pts] |
| e) $A[p1 U A[p2 U p3]]$ | and | $A[[p1 U p2] U p3]$. | [5 pts] |

4. Consider the command $c = \text{while } x \neq 4 \text{ do } x := x+2 \text{ od}$:
- a) Give a precondition P such that c does not terminate if P is satisfied. [5 pts]
 - b) Prove $\{ P \} c \{ \text{false} \}$ using the proof system for partial correctness. [10 pts]
 - c) Prove $\{ x = 0 \} c \{ \text{true} \}$ using the proof system for total correctness. [10 pts]

6. The following is an algorithm for the calculation of the factorial of a non-negative integer N .

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{ x = N ∧ N > 0 }
y := 1;
while x ≠ 1 do
  y := y*x;
  x := x - 1
od
{ y = N! ∧ N > 0 }

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- a) Give an invariant for the while command implying the above postcondition. [5 pts]
- b) Give a proof outline for the partial correctness of the above algorithm. [10 pts]
- c) Give a proof that the algorithm terminates. [10 pts]

The final score is given by the sum of the points obtained divided by 10 (with a maximum of 10).

Proof system for partial correctness:

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1. $\{ \phi \} \text{ skip } \{ \phi \}$</p> | <p>2. $\{ \phi[e/x] \} x := e \{ \phi \}$</p> |
| <p>3. $\frac{\{ \phi \} c1 \{ \phi \} \quad \{ \phi \} c2 \{ \psi \}}{\{ \phi \} c1 ; c2 \{ \psi \}}$</p> | <p>4. $\frac{\{ \phi \wedge b \} c1 \{ \psi \} \quad \{ \phi \wedge \neg b \} c2 \{ \psi \}}{\{ \phi \} \text{ if } b \text{ then } c1 \text{ else } c2 \text{ fi } \{ \psi \}}$</p> |
| <p>5. $\frac{\{ \phi \wedge b \} c \{ \phi \}}{\{ \phi \} \text{ while } b \text{ do } c \text{ od } \{ \phi \wedge \neg b \}}$</p> | <p>6. $\frac{\phi \Rightarrow \phi1 \quad \{ \phi1 \} c \{ \psi1 \} \quad \psi1 \Rightarrow \psi}{\{ \phi \} c \{ \psi \}}$</p> |