

Evolutionary Algorithms Problem Set - MATLAB

1. Implement in MATLAB the function (one line!)

$$\mathcal{M}(\vec{x}) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \sin^\alpha(m\pi x_i) \quad (1)$$

Hint: mean...

2. Implement in MATLAB the Ackley function:

$$\mathcal{A}(\vec{x}) = -c_1 \cdot \exp\left(-c_2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}\right) - \exp\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \cos(c_3 x_i)\right) + c_1 + e \quad (2)$$

Your m-file should start like this:

```
function [f] = Ackley (c1,c2,c3,X);  
...
```

3. Introduce the function after Fletcher and Powell:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(\vec{x}) &= \sum_{i=1}^n (A_i - B_i)^2 \\ A_i &= \sum_{j=1}^n (a_{ij} \cdot \sin(\alpha_j) + b_{ij} \cdot \cos(\alpha_j)) \\ B_i &= \sum_{j=1}^n (a_{ij} \cdot \sin(x_j) + b_{ij} \cdot \cos(x_j)) \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

where $\mathbf{A} = (a_{ij})$, $\mathbf{B} = (b_{ij})$, and $\vec{\alpha} = (\alpha_j)$ have random elements.
(\mathcal{F} is an example of a nonlinear parameter estimation problem).

Assuming that \mathbf{A} , \mathbf{B} and $\vec{\alpha}$ are given as input, implement this function in MATLAB.

4. Introduce the *Low Autocorrelation Problem of Binary Sequences*:

Feasible Solutions: Binary Sequences $\vec{y} \in \{-1, +1\}^n$

Objective Function:

$$f(\vec{y}) = \frac{n^2}{2 \cdot E(\vec{y})} \longrightarrow \text{maximization} \quad (4)$$

s.t.

$$E(\vec{y}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n-k} y_i \cdot y_{i+k} \right)^2 \quad (5)$$

Implement in MATLAB this objective function for a population of feasible solutions, i.e. your MATLAB function should receive as an input a matrix containing binary sequences as columns, and produce as an output a raw vector of function values of those column vectors.

General

- Submit your solutions electronically - email the teaching assistant a tar or a zip file containing your **m-files**.
- Your m-files must run!
- Solutions will be graded according to correctness as well as to efficiency!